Case 2:19-cv-03274-WB, Document 1 Filed 07/26/19 Page 1 of 17

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

NATASHA ASHTON and CHRISTOPHER				
ASHTON, Plaintiffs,)	G . V	19	3274
v ·)	Case No		
FETCH, INC., FETCH INSURANCE SERVICES, LLC, THE COLLINA TRUST)			
DATED DECEMBER 2007, 30 PETS INVESTMENT, LLC, VERNON W. HILL,)		Fl	LED
II, and ANDREW B. COHEN,)		JUL	2 6 2019
Defendants.)		KATE BA	ARKMAN, ClerkDep. Clerk
COM	PL	<u>AINT</u>		

Plaintiffs, Natasha Ashton and Christopher Ashton (together, "Plaintiffs" or "the Ashtons"), by and through their undersigned attorney, Complaint against Defendants Fetch, Inc ("Fetch"), Fetch Insurance Services, LLC ("Fetch LLC"), The Collina Trust dated December 2007 (the "Collina Trust" or "Collina"), 30 Pets Investment, LLC ("30 Pets"), Vernon W. Hill, II ("Hill") and Andrew B. Cohen ("Cohen").

PARTIES

- Natasha Ashton is an adult woman residing at 10 Hickory Lane, Malvern, PA
 19355
- Christopher Ashton is an adult man residing at 10 Hickory Lane, Malvern, PA
 - 4 Christopher and Natasha Ashton are husband and wife.
- Defendant Fetch is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the
 State of Delaware, with its executive offices in Pennsylvania located at 3805 West Chester Pike,

1/400

Suite 240, Newtown Square, PA 19073. Fetch and its subsidiaries develop, administer, and operate pet insurance policies under the licensed brand name Petplan Pet Insurance. Fetch is engaged in interstate commerce and employed 20 or more employees for each working day during each of 20 or more calendar workweeks in 2016, 2017 and 2018.

- 6. Defendant Fetch LLC is a Delaware limited liability company and a wholly owned subsidiary of Fetch, with its executive offices in Pennsylvania located at 3805 West Chester Pike, Suite 240, Newtown Square, PA 19073. Pursuant to a Program Administrator Agreement, Fetch LLC develops, sells, collects, and administers Fetch's Petplan policies, which XL Specialty underwrites In exchange for these services, Fetch LLC receives a commission from XL Specialty.
- Defendant Collina is a trust and investment vehicle controlled by Vernon W Hill II that maintains an address c/o U.S. Trust Company of Delaware, DE5-002-04-12, 1100 N King Street, Wilmington, DE 19884. On information and belief, Collina is a Delaware trust. Collina holds approximately 38.4% of Fetch's outstanding Class A common stock, or approximately 29% of Fetch's total equity. Collina's Board designee is Defendant Vernon W. Hill, II, who serves as Fetch's Board Chairman
- 8. Defendant 30 Pets is a Delaware limited liability company controlled by hedge fund billionaire Steven Cohen through his venture capital umbrella, Cohen Private Ventures and/or CPV Holdings, LLC 30 Pets maintains an address c/o Cohen Privatre Ventures, LLC, 72 Cummings Point Road, Stamford, CT 06902. 30 Pets holds all of Fetch's outstanding Class B common stock and holds approximately 24 3% of Fetch's total equity. 30 Pets' Board designee is Defendant Andrew B. Cohen, CPV's Chief Investment Officer. Both Steven Cohen and Andrew Cohen have close business relationships with Mr. Hill. Steven Cohen is the largest

stockholder in Mr. Hill's company Metro Bank, PLC, and Andrew Cohen serves on its Advisory Board. Andrew Cohen also serves with Mr Hill on the board of directors of Republic Bank 30 Pets is a party to the Shareholders' Agreement.

- 9. Defendant Vernon W. Hill, II, is an adult individual with an address at 17000 Horizon Way, Mount Laurel, NJ 08054. Mr. Hill has been the Chairman of Fetch's Board of Directors.
- Defendant Andrew B. Cohen is an adult individual with an address at One
 Southampton Row, London, WC1B 5HA

BACKGROUND

- 11. After obtaining their undergraduate degrees from Oxford University, the Ashtons attended the Wharton School of Business of the University of Pennsylvania.
- 12. In 2001, while attending Wharton, their cat fell ill, leading to veterinary care costs that were extremely expensive for two graduate school students.
- This experience caused the Ashtons to realize that pet insurance -popular in the Ashtons' native United Kingdom—was virtually unavailable in the United States. The Ashtons developed an idea to fill the market gap. They created a business plan, submitted it to the 2003 annual Wharton Business Plan Competition, and won. A few months later, the Ashtons founded Fetch
- 14. Over the course of several years, the Ashtons built Fetch into an operational business. In October 2003, they secured an exclusive license to use the "Petplan" brand name—the largest in the world—in the United States—They successfully negotiated for access to Petplan's extensive data, actuarial determinations, and operational and marketing know-how. Using that data, they developed a comprehensive set of proprietary pricing models and policies

for pet owners. In 2005, the Ashtons secured an underwriter to guarantee their policies. Local companies soon agreed to offer Petplan policies as an employee benefit. The work paid off: in July 2006, Fetch sold its first Petplan policy A year later, Fetch was seeing double-digit month-over-month growth.

- 15. Up to this point, the Ashtons had raised funding largely from non-traditional sources. They personally invested over \$100,000 of seed capital and used credit cards to pay for additional expenses. Their only external funding came from friends and family. But with Petplan taking off, the Ashtons sought additional capital to help scale the company
- 16. The Ashtons' first major investments came from Dutch banker Godfried van Lanschot and his brother, Christiaen van Lanschot. Over two years, the van Lanschots purchased a total of 486,670 shares of Class A common stock at an average price of \$3 77 per share—for a total investment of \$1,833,333.
- 17. Next, the Ashtons negotiated an investment by Defendant Vernon W. Hill II. In April 2008, Mr. Hill purchased 475,058 shares through his Collina investment vehicle for \$2 million, or \$4.21 per share. Fetch appointed Mr. Hill to serve as Chairman of the Board In addition, Fetch and Mr. Hill entered into a consulting agreement, pursuant to which Fetch issued Mr. Hill warrants to purchase 278,264 additional shares for \$4.21 and agreed to pay him a yearly consulting fee that in 2018 reached \$720,000. Concurrent with Mr. Hill's investment, Mr. van Lanschot increased his holdings, purchasing an additional 95,012 shares
- 18 With the Investors' backing and the Ashtons as co-CEOs, Fetch grew quickly. In 2009, Fetch turned a profit. In 2010, its total revenue reached \$17 million Total revenue continued to rise at rates north of \$10 million per year thereafter

- 19. Under the Ashtons' management, Fetch focused on customer service by opening a 24/7 contact center and ensuring that Fetch's employees prioritized fast claims processing. Each year, independent website Pet Insurance Review rated Fetch over 9/10 for customer satisfaction.
- 20. Fetch has been a tremendous success. In 2011, Fetch became the first pet insurance provider named to *Inc.* magazine's 500 fastest-growing companies in the United States, placing at number 123. In 2013, Ernst & Young named the Ashtons their Greater Philadelphia Retail & Consumer Products entrepreneur of the year In 2015, Fetch made *Forbes'* list of America's most promising companies And in October 2016, *Entrepreneur* magazine named Fetch one of the "Best Entrepreneurial Companies in America" That year, Fetch's total yearly program revenue had reached \$86 million—an increase of more than 400% since 2010 In October 2017, Natasha Ashton was featured on the front cover of the Main Line Today Magazine celebrating Power Women of the Main Line.
- In sum, Natasha and Christopher Ashton have grown Fetch into one of North America's leading pet insurance companies, with yearly gross revenue of over \$100 million, a client base that continues to expand, and one of the highest customer satisfaction rates in the industry

NATURE OF DISCRIMINATION CLAIMS

- 22. On April 10, 2008, the Ashtons each entered into Employment Agreements with Fetch for them to serve as Co-President and Co-Chief Executive Officer with the other.
- 23. On April 15, 2015, the Ashtons each entered into amendments to their Employment Agreements. In the First Amendment to Employment Agreement, among other things, each of the Ashtons received increases in their base salaries from \$120,000 00 to

\$375,000.00. Their positions as Co-Presidents and Co-Chief Executive Officers as set forth in their original Employment Agreements remained unchanged

- 24. On November 21, 2017, the Ashtons met Fetch Board Member and Investor, Christiaen van Lanschot, for lunch in London. At the time, Natasha was six (6) months pregnant.
- 25. Natasha being visibly pregnant, Mr van Lanschot told the Ashtons that they had to tell Messrs Hill and Cohen that Natasha was pregnant before the upcoming Board meeting scheduled for December 19, 2017. Mr. van Lanschot stated to the effect Natasha's pregnancy would, for some unexplained reason, "derail the entire Board meeting in December" if the Board members did not know about it in advance
- The Ashtons disagreed that there was any need to inform Messrs. Hill and Cohen about Natasha's pregnancy but told Mr. van Lanschot that they would consider it.
- 27. Shortly after their luncheon with Mr. van Lanschot on November 21, 2017, Mr. van Lanschot again urged the Ashtons to inform the Board of Natasha's pregnancy in a telephone conversation with them
- 28. The Ashton's were especially concerned with Mr. Hill's likely reaction to Natasha's pregnancy based on their past experience with him. In interacting with him over the years, the Ashtons heard Mr. Hill make blatant and insultingly sexist comments
- 29. Despite their concerns, the Ashtons complied with Mr. van Lanschot's directive and, on December 2, 2017, Natasha sent an email to Fetch's Directors, including Mr. Hill, informing them that she was pregnant.
- 30. Promptly thereafter, on January 8, 2018, Mr. Hill invited Christopher Ashton to attend a meeting with Mr. Hill without Natasha. At the meeting, Mr. Hill stated that he and two

other Board members were not happy with the current management structure and no longer wanted co-CEOs. Mr. Hill stated that Natasha was to me removed as Co-CEO and that only Christopher would remain as CEO.

- 31. Christopher disagreed and objected to the plan. On the next Board call on January 16, 2018, Natasha asked for clarification on her job status since she was not invited to the meeting on January 8. Mr. Hill stated that "nobody's firing anybody."
 - 32. On March 5, 2018, Natasha gave birth to the Ashtons' son, Henry.
- 33. At a Board of Directors meeting on April 26, 2018, both Ashtons were removed as Co-CEO's by Fetch's Board of Directors, removed from all operational control over the business, and all employees previously reporting to the Ashtons were told to report to the two new co-CEOs who were installed during that meeting.
- 34. While, pursuant to the Board's action the Ashtons remained employed as Co-Presidents, the action of removing the Ashtons as Co-CEO's was a breach of both of their Employment Agreements, each of which specified that they were employed not only as Co-Presidents, but also as Co-CEO's.
- 35. In view of Fetch's breach of their Employment Agreements guaranteeing their status as Co-CEO's, on May 22, 2018, the Ashtons sent letters to Fetch notifying Fetch of its breach of their Employment Agreements and requesting Fetch to cure the breaches within thirty (30) days
- Unfortunately, Fetch refused to cure the breaches. Accordingly, the Ashtons sent letters to Fetch of their resignation for "Good Reason" pursuant to their Employment Agreements on June 28, 2018, with such resignations to be effective on September 28, 2018.

- 37. In response, Fetch did not belatedly cure its breach of the Employment Agreements by rescinding the decision to remove the Ashtons as Co-CEO's.
- 38. Instead, Fetch purported to terminate the Ashtons' employment for "Cause," as "Cause" is defined in the Employment Agreements. Remarkably, the termination was to take effect on exactly the same day the Ashtons' resignation became effective, September 28, 2018.
- 39. Over a year earlier, on May 31, 2017, Mr. Hill claimed that the Ashtons breached their Employment Agreements by receiving employment bonuses in 2015 and 2016 in without Board review and approval.
- When Mr. Hill made these charges back in 2017, they were nonsense. The bonuses that the Ashtons received in 2015 and 2016 were from a pool of money established by the Board for the payment of bonuses to all employees. The bonuses received by the Ashtons in 2015 and 2016 were approved by the then-Chief Financial Officer who reported to Fetch's Board of Directors and who had previously been employed by Mr. Hill and appointed as Fetch's CFO at Mr. Hill's insistence. The bonuses that the Ashtons received along with all of the other employee bonuses were reported on the Company's financial books that were open and available to all Board members at all times, and subject to year-end financial audits by outside auditors furnished to Fetch's Board of Directors.
- Indeed, although Mr. Hill accused the Ashtons of being "thieves" for receiving the bonuses, and claimed that the Ashtons had received the bonuses in breach of their Employment Agreements constituting "willful misconduct that is materially injurious to the business of the Company," the Ashtons were not fired or otherwise disciplined.

- 42. In fact, when the Ashtons were removed as Co-CEOs but retained as Co-Presidents in April 2018, neither Mr. Hill nor anyone else claimed that the bonuses that the Ashtons received in 2015 and 2016 had anything to do with that decision.
- 43. Only after Natasha informed Fetch's Board that she was pregnant did the Board decide to remove Natasha as Co-CEO, and then remove both Ashtons as Co-CEO's in breach of their Employment Agreements, and then assert that the Ashtons were terminated for "Cause" after they already sent their letters of resignation for "Good Reason."

COUNT I

PREGNANCY DISCRIMINATION BY FETCH

- 44. The foregoing averments are incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.
- Natasha Ashton was removed as Co-CEO of Fetch because she was pregnant and gave birth to a child.
- 46. Fetch removed Natasha Ashton as Co-CEO of Fetch in breach of her Employment Agreement because she was pregnant and gave birth to a child.
- 47. Fetch's discriminatory actions are in violation of the Title VII of the Civil Rights

 Act of 1964 as amended by the Pregnancy Discrimination Act, 42 U.S.C. § 2000e, et seq. and the

 Pennsylvania Human Relations Act, 43 P.S. § 951, et seq.
- 48 Fetch has engaged in intentional discrimination against Natasha Ashton and has done so with malice or with reckless indifference to Ms. Ashton's federally protected rights.

WHEREFORE, Natasha Aston demands the following relief.

- (1) backpay including salary and benefits;
- (2) reinstatement or front pay in lieu of reinstatement including salary and benefits;

- (3) compensatory damages for emotional pain and suffering;
- (4) punitive damages;
- (5) a permanent injunction enjoining Defendants from discriminating against her,
 - (6) attorney's fees and costs; and
 - (7) such other relief as to which she may be entitled.

COUNT II

ASSOCIATIONAL DISCRIMINATION BY FETCH

- 49 The foregoing averments are incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein
- CEO, Natasha Ashton, was pregnant and gave birth to a child.
- 51. Fetch removed Christopher Ashton as Co-CEO of Fetch in breach of his

 Employment Agreement because his wife and Co-CEO was pregnant and gave birth to a child
- 52. Fetch's discriminatory actions are in violation of the Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 as amended by the Pregnancy Discrimination Act, 42 U S.C. § 2000e, et seq., and the Pennsylvania Human Relations Act, 43 P.S. § 951, et seq.
- 53. Fetch has engaged in intentional discrimination against Christopher Ashton and has done so with malice or with reckless indifference to Mr. Ashton's federally protected rights WHEREFORE, Christopher Aston demands the following relief:
 - backpay including salary and benefits;

- (2) reinstatement or front pay in lieu of reinstatement including salary and benefits;
 - (3) compensatory damages for emotional pain and suffering;
 - (4) punitive damages;
- (5) a permanent injunction enjoining Defendants from discriminating against him;
 - (6) attorney's fees and costs; and
 - (7) such other relief as to which he may be entitled.

COUNT III

AIDING AND ABETTING DISCRIMINATION BY HILL, COHEN, COLLINA, 30 PETS AND FETCH, LLC

- 54 The foregoing averments are incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.
- 55. Defendants Hill, Cohen, Collina, 30 Pets and Fetch, LLC aided and abetted Fetch and one another in discriminating against the Ashtons in violation of the PHRA, 43 P.S. § 955(e).

WHEREFORE, the Ashtons demand the following relief.

- (1) backpay including salary and benefits,
- (2) reinstatement or front pay in lieu of reinstatement including salary and benefits;
 - (3) compensatory damages for emotional pain and suffering;

- (2) reinstatement or front pay in lieu of reinstatement including salary and benefits;
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WHEREFORE, the Ashtons demand the following relief:

- (1) backpay including salary and benefits;
- (2) reinstatement or front pay in lieu of reinstatement including salary and benefits,
 - (3) compensatory damages for emotional pain and suffering;

- (4) a permanent injunction enjoining Defendants from discriminating against them;
 - (5) attorney's fees and costs; and
 - (6) such other relief as to which he may be entitled.

Respectfully submitted,

7s/ Edward S. Mazurek

Edward S Mazurek (I.D. No 50278) THE MAZUREK LAW FIRM, LLC 717 S. Columbus Blvd, Suite 516 Philadelphia, PA 19147

267.243.3393 emazurek@mazureklawfirm.com

Counsel for the Plaintiffs, Natasha and Christopher Ashton

Case 2:19-cv-03274-WB Document 1 Filed 07/26/19 Page 14 of 17

- (4) a permanent injunction enjoining Defendants from discriminating against them;
 - (5) attorney's fees and costs, and
 - (6) such other relief as to which he may be entitled

Respectfully submitted,

Edward S. Mazurek (I.D. No 50278)
THE MAZUREK LAW FIRM, LLC
717 S. Columbus Blvd, Suite 516
Philadelphia, PA 19147

267.243.3393 emazurek@mazureklawfirm.com

Counsel for the Plaintiffs, Natasha and Christopher Ashton

S 44 (Rev 02/19) Cast 1:19-00-02-74-CALVID CONERLSHEED 7/26/19 Page 15 of 3/2 14							
The JS 44 civil cover sheet and provided by local rules of court. Surpose of initiating the civil do	the information contains. This form, a proved by to cket sheet.	perein neither replace no Judicial Conference of TIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF	r supplement the filing and service f the United States in September 1 FTHIS FORM.)	e of pleadings or other papers a	us required by law, except as the Clerk of Court for the		
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Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number) FOW ARD S. MAZUREK, 7175. COLUMBUS OFILA, 14 267-243-3393 Attorneys (If Known) MICHAEL O'MARIA, STRASSEY DATE OF LAND INVOLVED ATTORNEYS (If Known) MICHAEL O'MARIA, STRASSEY DATE OF LAND INVOLVED ATTORNEYS (If Known) MICHAEL O'MARIA, STRASSEY DATE OF LAND INVOLVED							
I. BASIS OF JURISDIA	CTION (Place an "X" in C	ne Box Only)	III. CITIZENSHIP OF P		Place an "X" in One Bax for Plaintiff		
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CONTRACT	(Place an "X" in One Box Of	PRTS	* FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	f Suit Code Descriptions OTHERSTATUTES		
1 110 Insurance 1 120 Marine 1 130 Miller Act 1 140 Negotiable Instrument 1 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment 1 151 Medicare Act 1 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans) 1 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits 1 160 Stockholders' Suits 1 190 Other Contract 1 195 Contract Product Liability 1 196 Franchise REALPROPERTY	PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 360 Other Personal Injury Medical Malpractice 360 Other Personal Injury Medical Malpractice 360 Other Personal Injury 440 Other Civil Rights 341 Voting 342 Employment 345 Amer w/Disabilities 346 Amer w/Disabilities 348 Education 348 Ed	PERSONAL INJURY 365 Personal Injury Product Liability 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPER 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage Toduct Liability	TY TABOR 710 Fair Labor Standards Act 720 Labor/Management Relations 740 Railway Labor Act 751 Family and Medical Leave Act 790 Other Labor Litigation 791 Employee Retirement Income Security Act 7462 Naturalization Application	☐ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 ☐ 423 Withdrawal	☐ 375 False Claims Act ☐ 376 Qui I am (31 USC ☐ 3729(a)) ☐ 400 State Reapportionment ☐ 410 Antitrust ☐ 430 Banks and Banking ☐ 450 Commerce ☐ 460 Deportation ☐ 470 Racketeer Influenced and ☐ Corrupt Organizations ☐ 480 Consumer Credit ☐ 485 Telephone Consumer ☐ Protection Act ☐ 490 Cable/Sat TV ☐ 850 Securities/Commodities/ ☐ Exchange ☐ 890 Other Statutory Actions ☐ 891 Agricultural Acts		
	one Court 3 3 Cree the U.S. Civil Sta	Appellate Court	1 4 Reinstated or Reopened Anothe (specify, e filing (Do not cite jurisdictional start	r District Litigation Transfer			
VII. REQUESTED IN	CHECK IF THIS	IS A CLASS ACTION	DEMAND \$	CHECK YES only	if demanded in complaint		
COMPLAINT: UNDER RULE 23, F R Cv P VIII. RELATED CASE(S) (See instructions).							
IF ANY DATE 7/26/1	-	SIGNATURA OF A IT	ORNE OF RECORD	DOCKET NUMBER _	(a) 77)		
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9-cv-03274-WNSTED STATES PISITE COURT 26/19 Page 16 of 17 FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

DESIGNATION FORM

(to be used by counsel or pro se plaintiff to indicate the category of the case for the purpose of assignment to the appropriate calendar)

Address of Plaintiffer NEW TOWN TOURLE, BIT
Address of Defendant. 3805 DEST CHESTER SIKE PROPERTY SO SA
Address of Defendant. 3805 DEST CHESTER SIKE PROBLETOWN SO, SA. Place of Accident, Incident or Transaction: DEWTOWN SO, UNIXE S.A.
RELATED CASE, IF ANY:
Case Number Judge: Date Terminated
Civil cases are deemed related when Yes is answered to any of the following questions:
I Is this case related to property included in an earlier numbered suit pending or within one year Yes No previously terminated action in this court?
2 Does this case involve the same issue of fact or grow out of the same transaction as a prior suit Yes No No No No No Pending or within one year previously terminated action in this court?
3 Does this case involve the validity or infringement of a patent already in suit or any earlier numbered case pending or within one year previously terminated action of this court?
4 Is this case a second or successive habeas corpus, social security appeal, or pro se civil rights Yes No No
I certify that, to my knowledge, the within case is / is not related to any case now pending or within one year previously terminated action in this court except as noteo above.
DATE 7 7 6 19 Attorney-at-Law/Pro Se Plaintiff Attorney I.D. # (if applicable)
CIVIL: (Place a √ in one category only)
A. Federal Question Cases: B. Diversity Jurisdiction Cases:
I Indemnity Contract Marine Contract and All Other Contracts I I Insurance Contract and Other Contracts
I Indemnity Contract, Marine Contract, and All Other Contracts I Insurance Contract and Other Contracts I Airplane Personal Injury
2 FELA 2 2 Airplane Personal Injury 3 Jones Act-Personal Injury 3 Assault Defamation
2 FELA 2 Arplane Personal Injury 3 Jones Act-Personal Injury 2 Assault, Defamation 4 Antitrust 2 Marine Personal Injury 5 Patent 5 Motor Vehicle Personal Injury 6 Labor-Management Relations 6 Other Personal Injury (Please specify)
2 FELA 2 Arplane Personal Injury 3 Jones Act-Personal Injury 2 Arplane Personal Injury 3 Assault, Defamation 4 Antitrust 2 Marine Personal Injury 5 Patent 2 Motor Vehicle Personal Injury 5 Motor Vehicle Personal Injury 6 Labor-Management Relations 6 Other Personal Injury (Please specify) 7 Products Liability
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2 FELA 3 Jones Act-Personal Injury 4 Antitrust 5 Patent 6 Labor-Management Relations 7 Civil Rights 7 Products Liability 8 Habeas Corpus 9 Securities Act(s) Cases 10 Social Security Review Cases 11 All other Federal Question Cases
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2 FFLA 3 Jones Act-Personal Injury 4 Antitrust 5 Patent 6 Labor-Management Relations 7 Civil Rights 7 Civil Rights 1 Habeas Corpus 9 Securities Act(s) Cases 10 Social Security Review Cases 11 All other Federal Question Cases (Please specify) ARBITRATION CERTIFICATION (The effect of this certification is to remove the case from eligibility for arbitration) ARBITRATION CERTIFICATION (The effect of this certification is to remove the case from eligibility for arbitration) Pursuant to Local Civil Rule 53 2, § 3(c) (2), that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the damages recoverable in this civil action case exceed the sum of \$150,000,00 exclusive of interest and costs.
2 FFLA 3 Jones Act-Personal Injury 4 Antitrust 4 Antitrust 5 Patent 6 Labor-Management Relations 7 Civil Rights 7 Products Liability 8 Habeas Corpus 9 Securities Act(s) Cases 10 Social Security Review Cases 11 All other Federal Question Cases (Please specify) ARBITRATION CERTIFICATION (The effect of this certification is to remove the case from eligibility for arbitration) ARBITRATION CERTIFICATION (The effect of this certification is to remove the case from eligibility for arbitration) Pursuant to Local Civil Rule 53 2, § 3(c) (2), that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the damages recoverable in this civil action case
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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

CASE MANAGEMENT TRACK DESIGNATION FORM							
ASHTON ET AL	CIVIL ACTION						
ASHTON, ET AL FETCH, THC, ETAL	19	3274					
FETCH, TPC., BTAL:	NO.						
In accordance with the Civil Justice Expense and Delay Reduction Plant collaintiff shall complete a Case Management Track Designation Form in a filing the complaint and serve a copy on all defendants. (See § 1:03 of the side of this form.) In the event that a defendant does not agree with the designation, that defendant shall, with its first appearance, submit to the he plaintiff and all other parties, a Case Management Track Designation of which that defendant believes the case should be assigned.	all civil cases at the ti plan set forth on the re the plaintiff regarding clerk of court and ser	me of everse g said eve on					
SELECT ONE OF THE FOLLOWING CASE MANAGEMENT TRA	ACKS:						
(a) Habeas Corpus - Cases brought under 28 U.S.C. § 2241 through § 23	255.	()					
(b) Social Security – Cases requesting review of a decision of the Secret and Human Services denying plaintiff Social Security Benefits.	ary of Health	()					
c) Arbitration - Cases required to be designated for arbitration under Lo	ocal Civil Rule 53.2.	()					
(d) Asbestos – Cases involving claims for personal injury or property da exposure to asbestos.	mage from	()					
(e) Special Management – Cases that do not fall into tracks (a) through (commonly referred to as complex and that need special or intense matthe court. (See reverse side of this form for a detailed explanation of management cases.)	anagement by	$\hat{\mathcal{A}}$					
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7/36/19 EDWARDS MADINER Attorney-at-law Attorney-at-law	PLAINTIFE torney for	ES					
	1/04/0 = 1/m						

FAX Number

(Civ. 660) 10/02

Telephone